

LIFESTEST 2026

Nashville



Ask the Specialists: Cardiovascular Health for Patients Living with GIST

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Cardiovascular health for patients living with GIST

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Why think about heart health?

- **Patient are living longer.**

GIST treatments now keep many patients well for years, even decades. That makes long-term health matter more than ever.

- **The heart is part of the picture.**

Cardiovascular disease is a leading cause of death in cancer survivors, and the risk can rise well beyond the 5-year mark.

- **The good news.**

Most heart effects of these medicines are manageable

THE MEDICINES

What are TKIs?

Targeted therapies for your specific mutation

1	2	3	4	5
Imatinib Gleevec First-line	Sunitinib Sutent	Regorafenib Stivarga	Ripretinib Qinlock	Avapritinib Ayvakit PDGFRA

WHAT TO KNOW

Possible cardiovascular effects

1. How likely is it, and 2. How serious?

The common effects tend to be mild and manageable — the serious ones are rare, and we watch for them.

COMMON	High blood pressure	Most common effect. Most likely with sunitinib and regorafenib, often within the first week.
COMMON	Fluid retention / swelling	Common with imatinib — around the eyes or in the legs. Usually mild and manageable.
UNCOMMON	Heart muscle weakening	Rare with imatinib (about 0.2–1.7%). Usually reversible when treatment is adjusted.
UNCOMMON	Rhythm changes	Some agents (ripretinib, sunitinib) can affect heart rhythm. Surveillance with ECGs.
UNCOMMON	Vascular	The BP-raising pills can also strain blood vessels — know the signs of a clot or stroke.

A SIMPLE WAY TO THINK ABOUT IT

The medicines fall into two groups

FIRST-LINE · MOST PATIENTS

Imatinib

Gleevec

Gentle on the heart.

A good cardiovascular safety record — and it may even protect the heart. The main thing we watch for is **fluid and swelling** . Most people need only a light touch of monitoring.

LATER-LINE · MULTIKINASE PILLS

Sunitinib · Regorafenib

and the newer agents, ripretinib & avapritinib

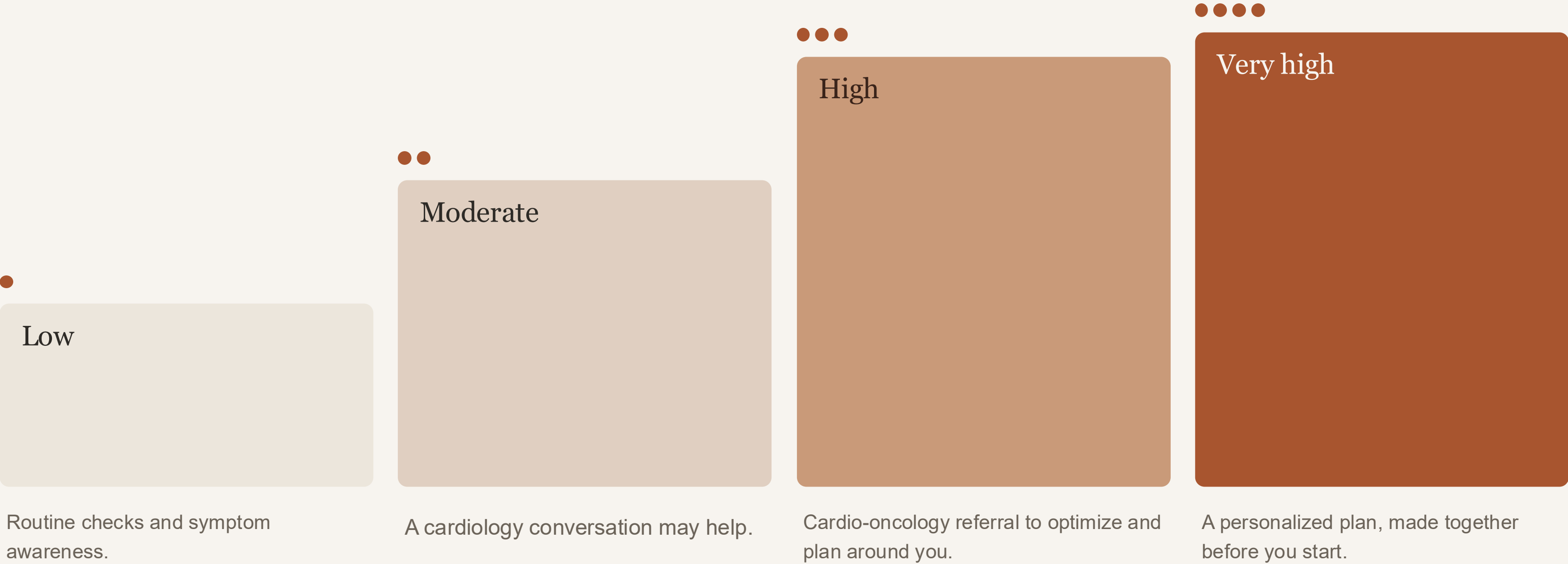
More likely to raise blood pressure.

These block wider growth signals, so they can push **blood pressure up** — often in the first weeks — and, less often, strain blood vessels. So we watch BP closely, especially early on.

Your exact plan depends on which medicine you're on and your own heart history

Before you begin

Before treatment, we look at your heart — your history, blood pressure, an ECG, and blood tests, plus an echo for some. That places you on a simple risk spectrum:



More risk means a closer watch.

KEEPING WATCH

How we monitor

Before, during, and after — dialed up or down by your risk profile.

Before starting

Blood pressure check

Blood work — lipids, blood sugar, kidney function

ECG (heart tracing)

Echo & a heart-strain blood test if you're higher risk

During treatment

Home blood pressure, especially in the first weeks

ECG when the medicine calls for it

Echo + blood tests if symptoms appear

A check-in at every visit

After & long-term

Heart risk can persist for years after treatment

We keep an eye on blood pressure and cholesterol

Ongoing heart-healthy habits matter most here

YOUR PART

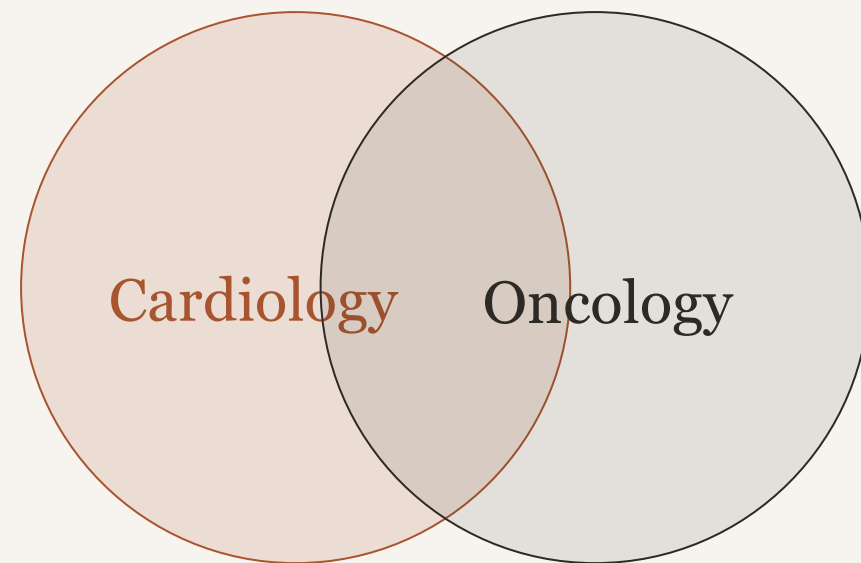
What you can do

The heart-healthy “ABCs”

A	Awareness & aspirin	Know your risk; ask if aspirin is right for you
B	Blood pressure	Know your number — we generally aim for about 130/90 or better
C	Cholesterol & cigarettes	Manage cholesterol; stop tobacco
D	Diet & diabetes	Heart-healthy eating; keep blood sugar in range
E	Exercise	Move regularly, as much as you comfortably can

TEAMWORK

The role of cardio-oncology



- **A partnership.**

Your cardiologist and oncologist work the problem together.

- **“Permissive” approach.**

We accept some manageable heart effects and treat them, rather than stopping what works.

- **Here to keep you on therapy.**

The job is to manage risk and side effect

- **Ask for a referral.**

Reasonable at any point if your heart risk is higher.

Take-home messages

1

Most patients do well.

Serious heart problems on TKI therapy are uncommon — and imatinib, the first-line pill most people take, is gentle on the heart.

2

Early is easy.

Checking your heart before you start, watching blood pressure, and noticing symptoms let us step in before problems grow.

3

Talk to your team.

Reporting symptoms early opens up simple fixes: dose tweaks, heart medicines, or a referral.

THANK YOU

Questions & discussion

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